

Leakage Current Sensor YCDV16C0LTA

YCDV1C1..1C2LDB



Suitable for measuring DC leakage current, with complete insulation between the primary and secondary circuits, and no insertion loss.

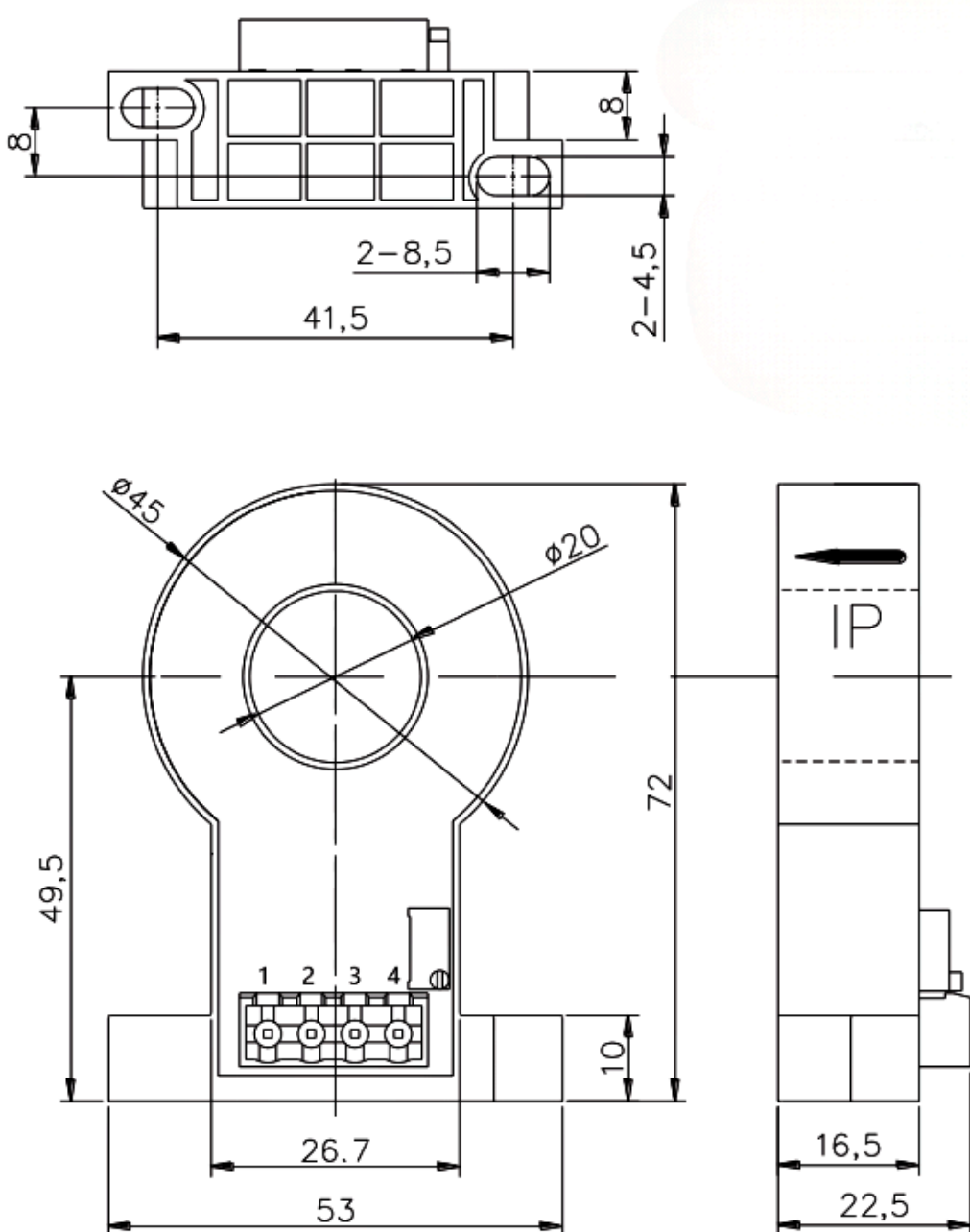
| Product Model | | |
|---------------|-----|-----|
| YCDV1C1LDB | 10 | 15 |
| YCDV2C1LDB | 20 | 30 |
| YCDV5C1LDB | 50 | 75 |
| YCDV1C2LDB | 100 | 150 |

| Application Fields |
|------------------------------------|
| • Communication Power Supply |
| • DC Screens |
| • Battery Power Supply Application |
| • Energy Storage |
| • Instruments and Meters |

Executive Standards

- JB/T 7490-2007 Hall Effect Current Sensors
- SJ20790-2000 General Specification for Current and Voltage Sensors

Outline Dimensions and Pin Definition (Unit: mm)



| Pin No. | Function Description |
|---------|----------------------|
| 1 | DC +15V |
| 2 | DC -15V |
| 3 | Output |
| 4 | Power Ground |

- General Tolerance : ± 1 mm
- Other Tolerances Standard : GB/T 1804-2000-M

Electrical Parameter Characteristics @ Ta = 25°C

| Parameter Description | Symbol | Unit | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max |
|------------------------------|--------|------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Supply Voltage | | V | @DC | ± 12V | ± 15V | ± 18V |
| Power Consumption Current | | mA | | | 15 | |
| Rated Output | | V | | | ± 5 | |
| Static Zero Point Output | | mV | | -50 | 0 | 50 |
| Magnetic Offset Voltage | | mV | | -20 | 0 | 20 |
| Load Resistance | | | | 10K | | |
| Accuracy | | % | | | ± 1 | |
| Linearity | | % | | | ± 1 | |
| Response Time | | ms | | | | 200 |
| Zero Point Output Temp Drift | | | | | ± 2.0 | |
| Rated Output Temp Drift | | | | -0.1 | | 0.1 |
| Operating Bandwidth | BW | KHz | | | DC | |
| Operating Temperature Range | | | | | - | |
| Storage Temperature Range | | | | | - | |
| Dielectric Strength | | V | @AC50/60Hz 1 min | | 3000 | |
| Insulation Resistance | | | @DC500V | 500M | | |
| Weight | m | g | | 75 | | |

Usage Instructions and Precautions

- Refer to the current direction arrow in the structural diagram to connect the current correctly, and pay attention to the forward and reverse directions of the current passing through the sensor.
- Strictly follow the functional pin definitions marked in the structural diagram for wiring (Note: Incorrect wiring may cause damage to the sensor).
- The above specifications are for standard parameter products; products can be customized according to customer requirements.